Precision Cooling for Business Critical Continuity

Liebert XDC™

User Manual 50 and 60 Hz, 130 & 160kW Nominal Cooling Capacity









Большая библиотека технической документации http://splitoff.ru/tehn-doc.html каталоги, инструкции, сервисные мануалы, схемы.

GENERAL SAFETY GUIDELINES



WARNING

Risk of electric shock. Can cause injury or death.

Disconnect local and remote power supplies before working within.

Before proceeding with installation of XDC, read all instructions, verify that all the parts are included, and check the nameplate to be sure the XDC voltage matches available utility power.

Follow all local codes.



WARNING

Risk of unit falling over. Can cause injury or death. The XDC is top-heavy. Use extreme caution and care when moving and installing this unit.



NOTE

This document shall be used together with site specific documentation and documentation for other parts of the system (heat rejection devices and cooling modules).



NOTE

Before any action that could cause a disturbance in the XD system's cooling function is begun, the facility manager MUST be informed. In addition, after the action is taken and the work is finished, the facility manager MUST be informed.



CAUTION

Risk of piping and component rupture. May cause injury or equipment damage. Closing service valves may isolate liquid refrigerant, causing high pressure and rupture of piping. Do not close valves without follow recommended procedures for repair, maintenance and replacement of components. Installing pressure relief valves in field piping that may become isolated by service valves.

Figure i Model number nomenclature

XD 160 Chiller A = AirPlace holder Revision W = Water unit level G = Glycol (heat rejection method) Liebert 160kW A = 460V-3ph-60HzPlace holder X-treme heat nominal (voltage-phase-frequency) **Density system** capacity M = 380/420-3ph-50Hz

Example: XDC160AA- -0

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1.0 PRODUCT DESCRIPTION

1.1 General Product Information

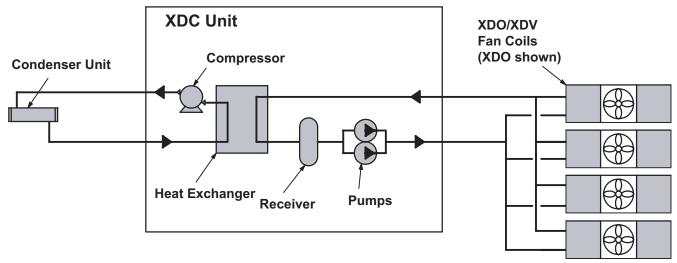
1.1.1 Product/System Description

The XDC (eXtreme Density Chiller) is self-contained refrigeration distribution unit designed to cool rooms with high heat producing equipment. There are two distinct circuits, each utilizing different refrigerants and mechanical parts. The R-134a circuit is the "pumped" circuit containing redundant circulating pumps, a brazed plate heat exchanger along with valves and piping. The R-407c circuit is the dual direct expansion circuit containing scroll compressors, expansion valves, brazed plate heat exchanger, and piping. Heat removal is accomplished by using condensers connected to the dual direct expansion circuit. See **Figure 1** below.

The XDC monitors room conditions and prevents coil condensation by maintaining the coolant being pumped to the cooling modules at a temperature above the room dew point. All functions, such as temperature control, switching pumps (if necessary), etc., are automatic.

The XDC160 is rated for 160kW (546,000 BTU/H) of cooling (nominal rating).

Figure 1 XDC components



1.2 Equipment Inspection

When the unit is delivered, inspect all items for visible and concealed damage. Damage should be immediately reported to the carrier and a damage claim filed with a copy sent to Liebert or to your sales representative.

1.3 Equipment Handling



WARNING

Risk of unit falling over. Can cause injury or death. The XDC is top-heavy. Use extreme caution and care when moving and installing this unit.

1.3.1 Handling With Skid

- · Always keep the unit upright, indoors and protected from damage.
- If possible transport the unit using a forklift truck; otherwise use a crane with belts or cables. When using a crane, apply spreader bars to avoiding pressing on the top edges of the packaging.
- · Personnel should be properly certified and trained to move and rig equipment.
- If using a forklift truck, make sure that the forks (if adjustable) are spread to the widest allowable distance that will fit under the skid.
- When moving the skidded unit with a forklift truck, do not lift the unit any higher than 6" (152mm) off the ground. If circumstances require the unit to be lifted higher than 6" (152mm), great care must be exercised, and all personnel not directly involved in raising the unit must be no closer than 20 feet (5m) from the lift point of the unit.



CAUTION

Risk of equipment or building damage.

While on the skid, the unit is too tall (83" [2108mm] overall height) to fit through a standard doorway 83" [2108mm]. Any attempt to move the unit, while skidded, through a standard doorway will cause damage to the unit and to the building.

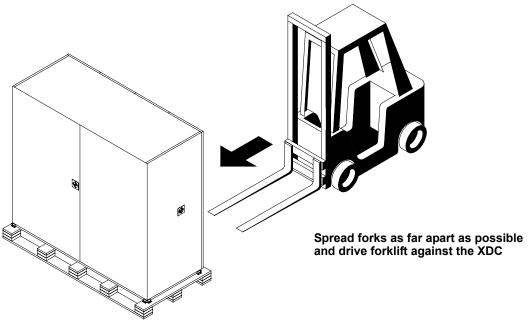
1.3.2 Removal of Skid

For skid removal, Liebert Corporation recommends using pallet jack or similar operation. This is to ensure that both ends of the unit are firmly secure, and provides a good means of unit mobility.

Always keep the unit upright, indoors and protected from damage.

- 1. Remove the exterior packaging.
- 2. Align forklift with either the front or rear of the unit. Ensure the forks are locked at the widest position that will fit under pallet (see **Figure 2**).

Figure 2 Moving XDC with forklift





CAUTION

Risk of unit damage. Ensure the forklift times are level and not angled in an upward direction. Improper positioning may cause damage to the bottom of the unit. Ensure the forks are positioned in a manner as to have the Center of Gravity label, located on the unit, centered between the times. Ensure the times extend beyond the opposite side of the unit.

3. Drive the forklift forward, sliding the forks under the base of the unit (see **Figure 2**).

4. Move the XDC to its installation location.

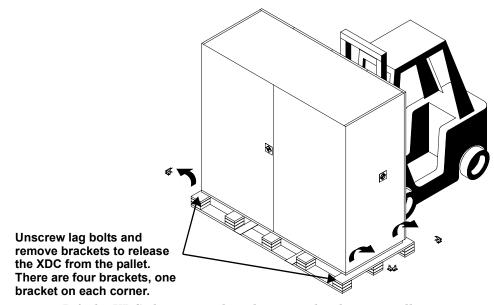


WARNING

Risk of unit falling over. May cause injury, death or equipment damage. Move, lift and lower the XDC slowly. To reduce the chance of tipping, keep the XDC as low as practical.

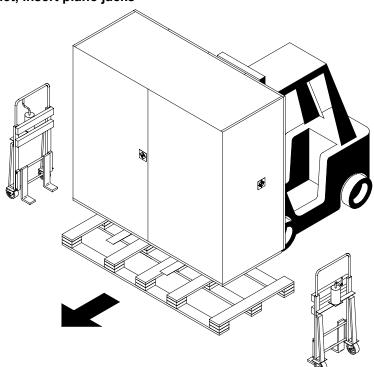
5. Remove all lag bolts from the four (4) corner tie-down brackets. Remove the tie-down brackets from the unit. (see **Figure 3**).

Figure 3 Remove tie-down brackets



6. Lift the XDC about an inch and remove the shipping pallet.

Figure 4 Remove pallet, insert piano jacks



7. Place piano jacks at either end of the XDC and lower it until it is supported by the piano jacks. Secure the XDC to the jacks (see **Figure 4** for arrangement).



CAUTION

Risk of crushing or denting panels. Place a protective material between the straps of the piano jacks and the unit. Ensure that the straps are not tightened to a point of damaging panels.

- 8. Back the forklift away from the XDC until the forks are no longer under the unit.
- 9. Using the piano jacks, maneuver the XDC into its installation position—this requires at least two people.

1.3.3 Removing Piano Jacks

Once the unit has been moved to the installation location, Liebert recommends using the following method to remove the piano jacks.

- 1. Lower the unit as far as the piano jacks will allow.
- 2. Undo all strapping holding the piano jacks to the unit.
- 3. Remove all cushioning material that might have been used to protect the unit panels from the strapping and/or the piano jacks.
- 4. Use a pry bar or similar device on one side of the unit, lift unit just enough to allow for the removal of the piano jack.
- 5. Repeat the previous step to remove the piano jack on the opposite side.
- 6. Remove the plastic bag.

1.4 Mechanical Considerations

1.4.1 Positioning the XDC

Install the XDC according to the site specific documentation and secure the unit to the floor.

The XDC can be installed near a wall or another XDC. However, there must be at least 3 feet (92cm) clearance in front of the XDC as service access for components in the unit.



NOTE

During installation of the XDC, the top, bottom, front and left side of the unit must be accessible.

Figure 5 Dimensional data

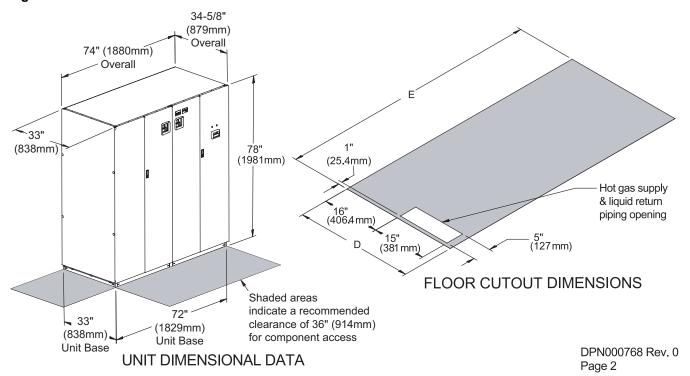
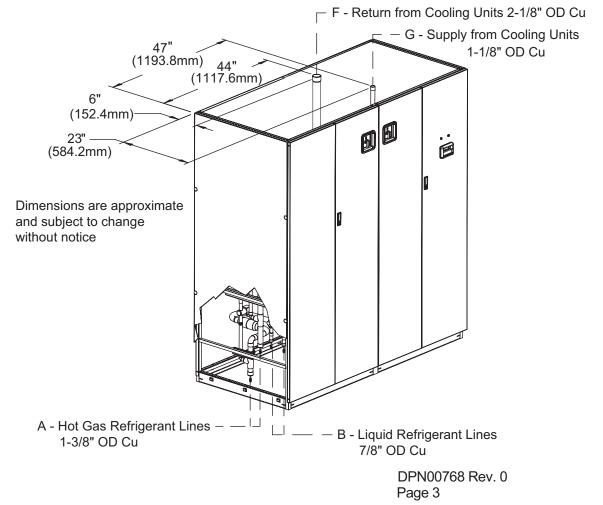


Figure 6 Piping locations



1.5 High Voltage Connections

Make sure the actual supply voltage and frequency correspond to the voltage and frequency indicated on the XDC's rating plate.

Connect cables for high voltage supply to the electrical box in the XDC according to **Figures 5**, 8 and 9 and make sure that the phases are correctly connected.



WARNING

Risk of electric shock. Can cause injury or death.

Disconnect local and remote power supplies before working within.

Before proceeding with installation of XDC, read all instructions, verify that all the parts are included, and check the nameplate to be sure the XDC voltage matches available utility power.

Follow all local codes.



CAUTION

Risk of sharp edges and heavy parts. May cause personal injury or equipment damage.

Wear gloves to prevent injury to hands.

Damage to wiring or components may make unit unsafe to operate.

Use caution when installing wiring to prevent damage to factory wiring.

Install protective bushings in wiring knockouts as required

Do not disturb factory wiring or route field-installed wiring over electrical terminals.

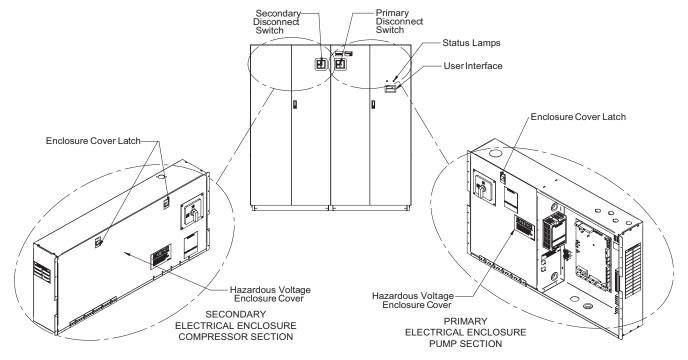
Use NEC Class 1 wiring for all hazardous voltage electrical power supplies.

Check and retighten all wiring connections before starting.

1.5.1 Connecting High-Voltage Cables

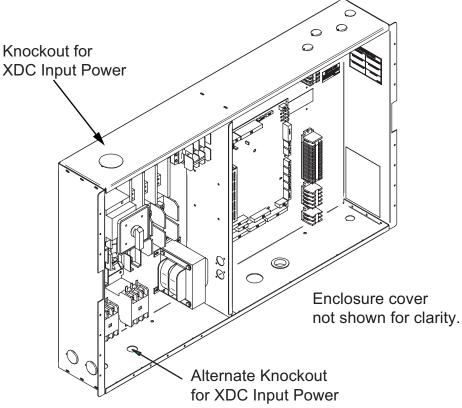
1. Turn the XDC's primary disconnect switch to the Off position (see **Figure 7**). Open the front doors and push down on the enclosure cover latch to open the hazardous voltage enclosure cover.

Figure 7 Front view of XDC and electrical enclosures



2. Determine which knockouts in the electrical enclosure will be used and remove them (see **Figure 8**).

Figure 8 Electrical enclosure knockout locations for field wiring



- 3. Route the input hazardous voltage electrical power wiring through the top left knockout on the primary electrical enclosure (see **Figure 8**) to the disconnect switch L1, L2 and L3 (see **Figure 9**). Observe proper phasing.
- 4. Connect the ground wire to the ground lug (see **Figures 9** and **11** for 60Hz models and **Figures 10** and **12** for 50Hz models).

Figure 9 60Hz models, high voltage connections—primary disconnect switch

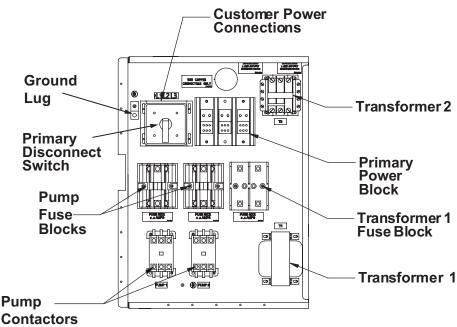


Figure 10 50Hz models high voltage connections—primary disconnect switch

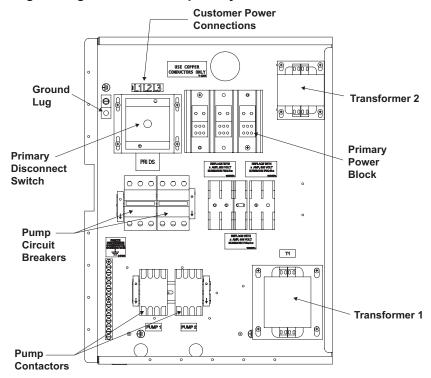
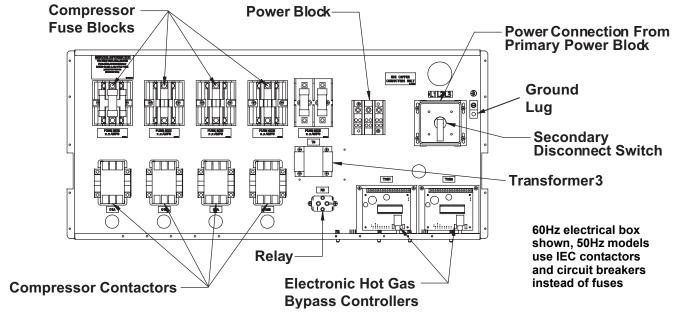


Figure 11 60Hz models high voltage connections—secondary disconnect switch



Compressor Circuit Breakers Power Connection From Power Block **Primary Power Block** USE COPPER CONDUCTORS ONLY 000 000 Ground <u> 111213</u> Lug Θ 000 000 000 Secondary Disconnect Switch Transformer 3 TCB1 TCB2 R5 ΦΦΦΦΦΦΦΦΦΦΦΦΦΦΦΦΦΦ Relay **Electronic Hot Gas Bypass Controllers Compressor Contactors**

Figure 12 50Hz models high voltage connections—secondary disconnect switch

1.6 Extra Low Voltage Connections

ELV power output is 30V and 100VA or less.

- 1. Turn off all unit power before connecting cables or wires. Failure to do so may damage this equipment.
- 2. Route low voltage electrical connections through the appropriate knockouts as shown in **Figure 14**.
- 3. User interface and temperature/humidity sensor wire is NEC Class 2. All electrical installation must comply with all national, state and local requirements.

Figure 13 XDC heat rejection connection points

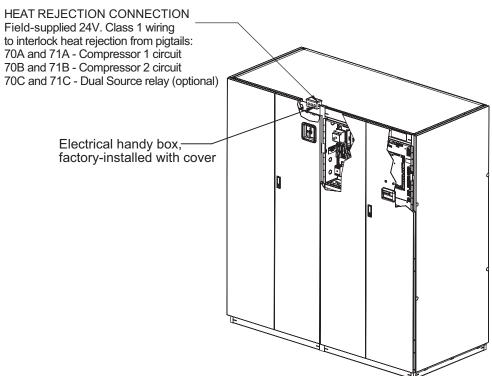
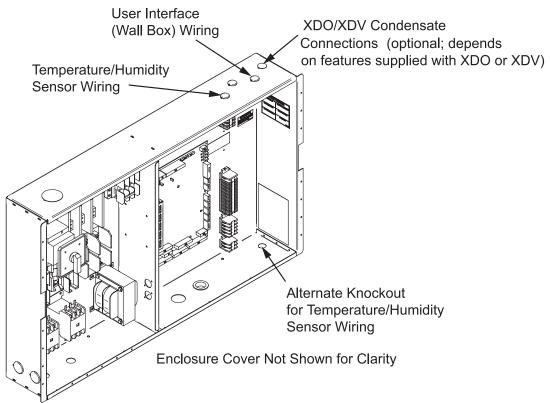


Figure 14 Electrical enclosure knockout locations for ELV



Field Connections—All Units

- Connect the control display panel cable to terminal block TB3 terminals 1 through 4 on the XDC control board as shown (refer to **Figure 15**). The display panel must always be installed in the conditioned space. The display panel may be mounted in the XDC front right door *if the XDC is located in the area that it conditions*.
- Place the sensor on the RETURN AIR side of the primary air mover (e.g., Liebert Deluxe System 3). Do not install the sensor where ambient air may cause false readings, for example, near unsealed doors, windows and similar areas.

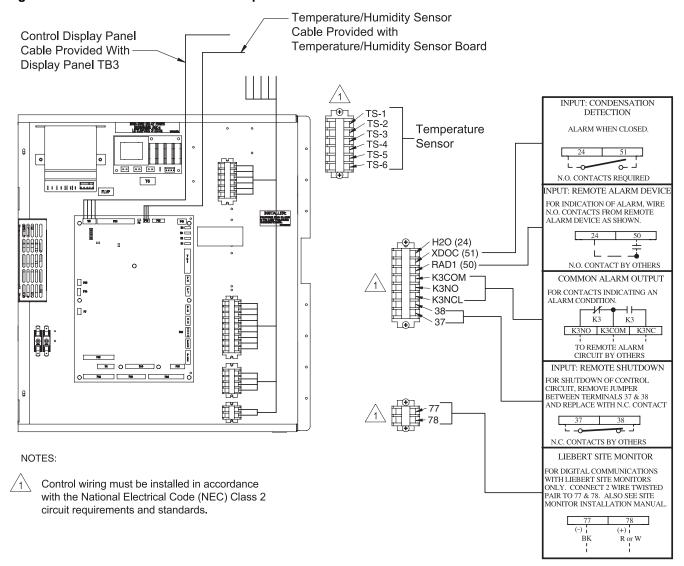
Field Connections—Optional for All Units

- Connect optional field wiring from remote devices to Remote Alarm Device, Common Alarm Output, IGM and Remote Shutdown, if applicable. See terminal strip descriptions in **Figure 15**.
- Connect field wiring from the optional XDO or XDV condensation detection circuit to terminal strip locations H2O (24) and H2O (51).

Field Connections—Air Cooled Units only

Connect field wiring to heat rejection connection terminals on the handy box as shown in Figure 13.

Figure 15 XDC ELV field connections points



2.0 PIPING

2.1 Recommended Pipe Size

Connect the main pipes between the XDC and the XD cooling modules according to site specific documentation and the configuration guide for the Liebert XD system.

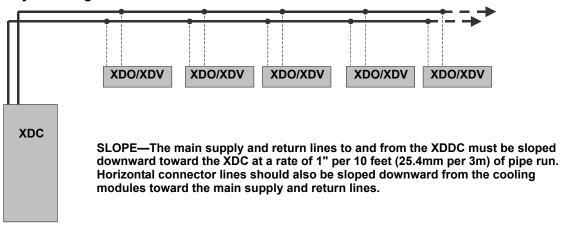
Elbows and restrictions shall be minimized for proper operation.

Table 1 Supply, return pipe sizes for XD Coolant loop

Pipe Function	Size/Equivalent Pipe Length
XDC supply line, from XDC	1-1/8" OD (1.025" ID) for lengths up to 60 feet
supply to farthest XDO or XDV	1-3/8" OD (1.265" ID) for lengths over 60 but less than 175 feet
XDC return line, from farthest XDO or	2-1/8" OD (1.985" ID) for lengths up to 60 feet
XDV to XDC return	2-5/8" OD (2.465" ID) for lengths over 60 but less than 175 feet
From VDQ cumply to cumply line of VDQ	1/2" OD (0.430" ID) for lengths up to 10 feet
From XDO supply to supply line of XDC	7/8" OD (0.785" ID) for lengths over 10 but less than 25 feet
From XDO return to return line of XDC	7/8" OD (0.785" ID) for lengths up to 10 feet
From XDO return to return line of XDC	1-1/8" OD (1.025" ID) for lengths over 10 but less than 25 feet
From XDV supply to supply line of XDC	1/2" OD (0.430" ID) for lengths up to 6 feet
Trom ADV supply to supply line of ADC	5/8" OD (0.545" ID) for lengths over 6 but less than 35
From XDV return to return line of XDC	5/8" OD (0.545" ID) for lengths up to 6 feet
Troil ADV return to return line of ADC	7/8" OD (0.785" ID) for lengths over 6 but less than 35 feet

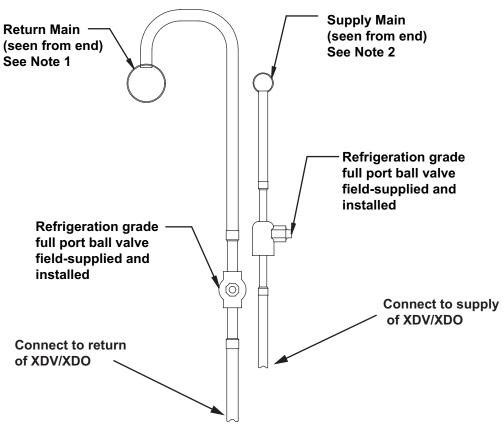
2.2 XDC Interconnection With XDO or XDV

Figure 16 XDC system diagram



See site specific documentation for complete connection diagram for a system with the XDC.

Figure 17 Branch piping to XDO/XDV



NOTES:

- 1. Return main is 2-1/8" OD or 2-5/8" OD. Refer to SL-16650. Liebert System Design and Configuration Guide) for details.
- 2. Supply main is 1-1/8" OD or 1-3/8" OD. Refer to SL-16650. Liebert System Design and Configuration Guide) for details.
- 3. Total length to each line from XDV/XDO to main not to exceed 72 ".
- 4. It is imperative that the return piping of the XDV/XDO be connected to the TOP of the return main in the XD system as shown.

2.3 Piping Installation Method

All piping should be installed with high temperature brazed joints. To minimize scaling, braze with flowing nitrogen gas. Prevailing good refrigeration practices should be employed for piping supports, leak testing, dehydration and charging.

2.3.1 Piping Installation—R-134a Pumped Circuit

Liebert highly recommends venting the relief pressure of the XDC (located at the top of the receiver) outside of the conditioned space where it is open to the atmosphere.

Piping Mains

All refrigeration piping mains connected to the XDO / XDV, both supply and return, should be installed with a downward pitch toward the XDC of 1" for every 10 feet of pipe run.

Evacuation and Leak Check—R-134a Pumped Circuit

- 1. Open all service valves.
- 2. Place 150 PSIG (1034 kPa) of dry nitrogen with a tracer of R-134a in the system.
- 3. Check the system for leaks.

After completing leak testing, release the test pressure and pull a vacuum on the system. Leave this vacuum for approximately four hours. Check the pressure to make sure that it has not increased. If there is no change in pressure, pull another vacuum to 250 microns or less. Recheck the pressure after two hours.

Insulation

Insulate all piping between the XDC and cooling modules to maintain proper operation.

2.3.2 Direct Expansion (DX) Circuit—R-407c Air Cooled Units

Traps should be installed in the hot gas lines on vertical risers every 25 ft. (7.6m) in elevation. These traps will collect condensed refrigerant and refrigerant oil during the unit's off cycle and ensure flow of refrigerant oil during operation. Hot gas vertical risers may require reducing the size of the line to provide for adequate refrigerant velocities to move oil up the riser.

Contact your local Liebert representative for factory approval whenever a refrigerant piping run exceeds 200 feet (60m) equivalent length or when condensers must be installed below the level of the cooling coil.

For Air Cooled Lee-Temp / Flood Back Head Pressure Control Units Only



NOTE

Proper safety equipment and proper refrigeration tools are required. Check unit nameplate for correct refrigerant type before topping off or recharging a system.



NOTE

Refrigerant R407C is a blend of three components and must be introduced and charged from the cylinder only as a liquid.

Refrigerant R407C uses a POE (polyolester) lubricant. Do not open the compressor unit piping to the atmosphere for more than 15 minutes. The compressors contain POE oil that is very hygroscopic; it quickly absorbs water from the atmosphere. The longer the compressor piping is open to the atmosphere, the harder it will be to fully evacuate. If left open too long, the POE oil may need to be replaced before achieving the required vacuum level.

Figure 18 Installation data—Lee-Temp, one-circuit, four- or six-fan model

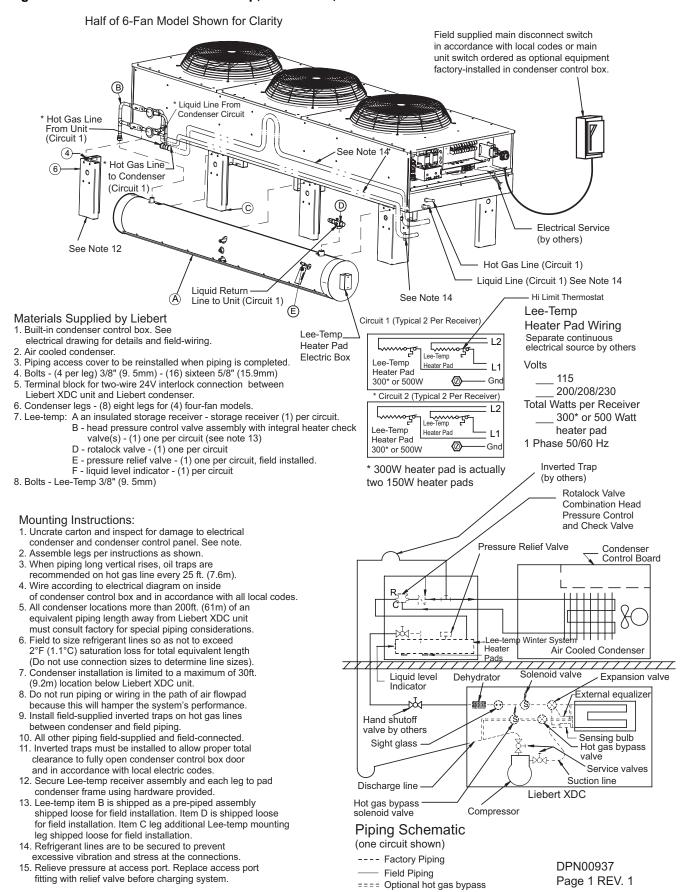


Figure 19 General arrangement air cooled XDChiller Lee-Temp Control

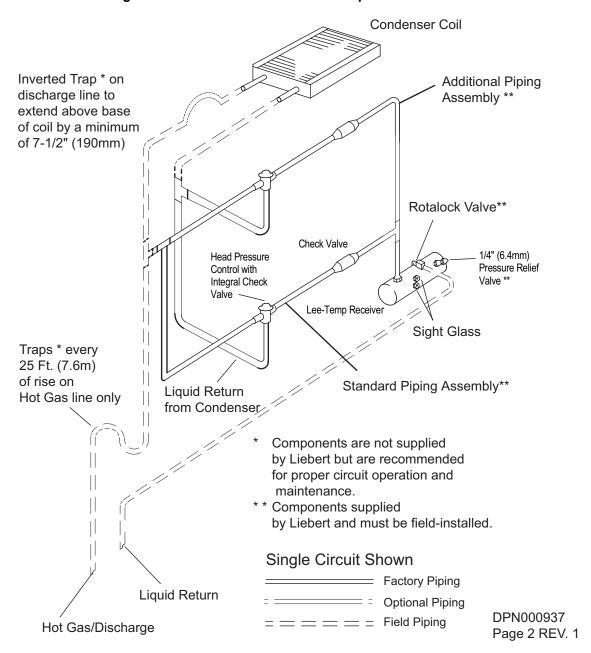


Table 2 Recommended refrigerant line sizes, DX R-407c, OD copper

XDC 160		
Equivalent Length, ft., (m)	*Hot Gas Line, in.	Liquid Line, in.
50 (15)	1-3/8	7/8
100 (30)	1-3/8	1-1/8
150 (45)	1-5/8	1-1/8
200 (60)	1-5/8	1-1/8

^{*} Downsize hot gas vertical riser in order to provide for adequate refrigerant velocities to move oil up the riser

2.3.3 Air Cooled Condenser with Lee-Temp "Flooded Condenser" Head Pressure Control System—R-407c (DX) Circuit

The Lee-Temp system consists of a modulating type head pressure control valves and insulated receivers with heater pads to ensure operation at ambient temperatures as low as -30°F (-34.4°C).

Lee-Temp Piping

Two discharge lines and two liquid lines must be field-installed between the indoor unit and the out-doorcondenser. See **Figures 18** and **19** for details.

Lee-Temp Control Materials Supplied

- · Built-in, pre-wired condenser control box
- · Air cooled condenser
- · Piping access cover to be reinstalled when piping is complete
- Bolts—four per leg (3/8" x 5/8")
- Terminal block for two-wire, 24V interlock connection between unit and condenser
- Condensate legs—four with one-fan, six on two-and three-fan models and eight on four-fan models
- Bolts—used to mount receiver (3/8" x 1 1/4")
- Lee-Temp system:
 - Insulated storage receiver—one per circuit
 - · Head pressure control assembly (head pressure valves and check valves) one per circuit
 - · Service valve—one per circuit
 - · Pressure relief valve—one per circuit
 - · Liquid level sight glasses



NOTE

Lee-Temp heater pads require a separate, continuous electrical source. See nameplate on unit for proper voltage.

Evacuation and Leak Check—R-407c (DX) Circuit

- 1. Make sure the unit is Off. Open all disconnects and pull all fuses except the control fuses. On units supplied with circuit breakers, open all breakers except for the transformer.
- 2. Energize the liquid line solenoid valves via 24VAC or through Diagnostics under "Test Outputs," select DEHYDRATION to be On (see **5.3.17 DIAGNOSTICS**). This will energize the solenoids and hot gas valves to open simultaneously on Circuit 1 and Circuit 2.



NOTE

The procedures above allow the technician to use 24VAC power and controls to open liquid line solenoid valve(s) for the dehydration process. If no power is at the unit disconnect, the technician is to use a separate 24VAC source rated at 75 VA and connect to the system liquid line solenoid valve(s) directly.

- 3. Attach a jumper hose to the suction and discharge service valves of the compressor. Open all compressor service valves.
- 4. Connect the tank of dry nitrogen to the Schrader valves on the liquid lines and the hot gas lines.
- 5. Pressurize the system circuit(s) to 150 PSIG (1034 kPa) with dry nitrogen with a trace of refrigerant. Check the system for leaks with a suitable leak finder.
- 6. After completion of leak testing, release the test pressure (per local code) and connect to vacuum pump(s) at the Schrader valves on the liquid lines and on the hot gas lines.
- 7. After 4 hours of pulling a deep vacuum, check the pressure readings and, if they have not changed, break the vacuum with dry nitrogen.
- 8. Pull a second and third vacuum to 250 microns or less. Recheck the pressure after 2 hours.
- 9. Remove the jumper hose attached in **Step 3**.

3.0 FILLING THE XDC'S CIRCUITS WITH COOLANT



NOTE

If necessary, refer to 3.3 - Checklist for Proper Installation to ensure that the system has been properly checked out and is ready to be filled with coolant.

Any recommended volumes will be approximate. The user must verify that all circuits of the system have been adequately filled.

3.1 Filling the Pumped Circuit (R-134A)

- 1. Connect a charging manifold to the service port of the receiver outlet valve.
- 2. Purge the hoses.
- 3. Weigh in the calculated charge based on Tables 3 and 4.
- 4. After adding the calculated charge, allow the system to sit 15 to 30 minutes to reach equilibrium. Observe the refrigerant level through the sight glasses of the receiver. The level should be above the second sight glass at a minimum when the XDC is off.

The level can be above the third sight glass if the supply line length from the XDC to the farthest XDO/XDV is greater than 20 feet (6m).



NOTE

All lengths in the tables below—**Tables 3** and **4**—are actual pipe lengths, not equivalent pipe lengths

Table 3 Coolant volume calculations – XDC with XDV systems

145 lb. l	145 lb. R-134a per XDP (includes charge of one XDP while running)		
+1.46	lb. R-134a per XDV (does not include piping connector lines to and from XDV)		
0.45	lb. per foot of main supply actual length per 1-1/8" OD copper tubing		
0.68	lb. per foot of main supply actual length per 1-3/8" OD copper tubing		
0.28	lb. per foot of main return actual length per 2-1/8" OD copper tubing		
0.43	lb. per foot of main return actual length per 2-5/8" OD copper tubing		
0.08	lb. per foot of 1/2" OD copper tubing XDV supply connector actual length		
0.13	lb. per foot of 5/8" OD copper tubing XDV supply connector actual length		
0.02	lb. per foot of 5/8" OD copper tubing XDV return connector actual length		
0.04	lb. per foot of 7/8" OD copper tubing XDV return connector actual length		

Table 4 Coolant volume calculation – XDC with XDO16 systems

145 lb. R-134a per XDP (includes charge of one XDP while running)			
+2.92	lb. R-134a per XDO16 (does not include piping connector lines to and from XDO16)		
0.45	lb. per foot of main supply actual length per 1-1/8" OD copper tubing		
0.68	lb. per foot of main supply actual length per 1-3/8" OD copper tubing		
0.28	lb. per foot of main return actual length per 2-1/8" OD copper tubing		
0.43	lb. per foot of main return actual length per 2-5/8" OD copper tubing		
0.08	lb. per foot of 1/2" OD XDO supply connector actual length		
0.26	lb. per foot of 7/8" OD XDO supply connector actual length		
0.04	lb. per foot of 7/8" OD copper tubing XDO16 return connector actual length		
0.07	lb. per foot of 1-1/8" OD copper tubing XDO16 return connector actual length		

Table 5 XDC pump light indicator (use the rotation tester for 460V models)

Indicator Lights		Description	
Green	Red	Description	
Off	Off	The electricity supply has been switched off or the pump has been cut out by the thermal switch.	
On	Off	The electricity supply has been switched on. Normal operation.	
On	On	The electricity supply has been switched on. The direction of rotation is wrong .	

3.2 Filling the Direct Expansion (DX) Circuit - R-407C

For Air Cooled Lee-Temp / Flood Back Head Pressure Control Units Only

7
1
1

NOTE

Proper safety equipment and proper refrigeration tools are required. Check unit nameplate for correct refrigerant type before topping off or recharging a system.



NOTE

Refrigerant R407C is a blend of three components, and must be introduced and charged from the cylinder only as a liquid.

Refrigerant R407C uses a POE (polyolester) lubricant. Do not open the compressor unit piping to the atmosphere for more than 15 minutes. The compressors contain POE oil that is very hygroscopic; it quickly absorbs water from the atmosphere. The longer the compressor piping is left open to the atmosphere, the harder it will be to fully evacuate. If left open too long, the POE oil may need to be replaced before achieving the required vacuum level.

- 1. Make sure unit is Off.
- 2. Connect the refrigerant gauge charging hose to the refrigerant drum and to the receiver at the rotalock valve and/or to the Schrader valves on the liquid lines.
- 3. Weigh in the calculated charge based on Tables 6, 7 and 8.
- 4. Open the rotalock valve and fill the complete calculated charge.

Table 6 Indoor unit refrigerant charge—R-407C

Model 60 Hz	Charge/Circuit lb. (kg)
XDC160	4.5 (2.0)

Table 7 Outdoor condenser charge—R-407C

Model	Charge / Circuit, lb (kg)
CDL830	182 (82.6)
CSL616	254 (115.2)
CSL415	182 (82.6)

Table 8 Liquid line charge - R-407C refrigerant per 100 ft (30 m) of Type "L" copper tube

O.D., inches	Liquid Line, lb (kg)	Hot Gas Line, lb (kg)
3/8	3.7 (1.7)	-
1/2	6.9 (3.1)	-
5/8	11.0 (5.0	2.2 (1.0)
3/4	15.7 (7.1)	3.1 (1.4)
7/8	23.0 (10.4)	4.5 (2.0)
1-1/8	39.3 (17.8)	7.8 (3.5)
1-3/8	59.8 (27.1	11.8 (5.4)
1-5/8	-	16.7 (7.6)

3.3 Checklist for Proper Installation

1.	Unpack and check received material.
2.	Position XDC and secure to floor.

- _ 2. I oblition AD c and becare to not
- __ 3. Wire high voltage connections.
- ____ 4. Wire low voltage connections.
- _ 5. Connect XDO or XDV piping to XDC.
- ____ 6. Check all circuits of the system for leaks.
- 7. Hold a vacuum on all circuits of the system.
- ____ 8. Charge the system with refrigerant.
- ____ 9. Make sure that all piping has proper insulation.

4.0 CHECKLIST FOR XDC STARTUP



WARNING

Risk of piping and component rupture. May cause injury or equipment damage. Closing service valves may isolate liquid refrigerant, causing high pressure and rupture of piping. Do not close valves without follow recommended procedures for repair, maintenance and replacement of components. Installing pressure relief valves in field piping that may become isolated by service valves.



NOTE

Before any action that could cause a disturbance in the XD system's cooling function is begun, the facility manager MUST be informed. In addition, after the action is taken and the work is finished, the facility manager MUST be informed

1. Verify that bypass flow controllers were installed (if applicable), see **Table 9**:

Table 9 Bypass flow controllers

Cooling Modules - Total Nominal kW	Required Number of Bypass Flow Controllers
64 to 88	2
96 to 120	1
128 to 160	0

- 2. Check all isolation ball valves in the XDC and XDV / XDO and verify that all are open.
- 3. Check rotation of XDC pumps.

Use the Grundfos rotation device provided—this device must be held against the pump housing—at the inspection screw prior to energizing the pumps—Green indicates proper rotation; Green and Red indicate incorrect rotation.

- 4. Check rotation of fans on XDV / XDO units.
- 5. Verify that air is being discharged in the "cold aisle."
- 6. Check rotation of fans on condenser(s) of XDC (air cooled units only)—Verify that air is being discharged out to the atmosphere.
- 7. Confirm that the total calculated refrigerant R-134a amount has been properly charged into the system [see 3.1 Filling the Pumped Circuit (R-134A)].
- 8. Confirm that the total calculated refrigerant R-407C amount has been properly charged into the system (see 3.2 Filling the Direct Expansion (DX) Circuit R-407C).
- 9. Confirm that the remote temperature/humidity sensor provided has been installed in the correct location.

The correct location is near the return side of a main air mover such as a Liebert Deluxe System 3. If more than one XDC is installed, use a different location for each remote sensor for best temperature/humidity calculation.

The XDC system is now ready to be turned ON.

- 1. Turn On all fans of the XDV/ XDO.
- 2. Turn the XDC On via user interface (I/O button). Allow the system to attempt to start for at least 2 minutes.
 - If the XDC pump cannot maintain flow and continues to switch over due to starting difficulties, proceed to **Step 4** and refer to the troubleshooting section of the XDP user manual.
- 3. If constant flow is established, wait until the XDC has been operating 10-15 minutes, then verify that the refrigerant level in the receiver sight glass is between the second and third level (see **Figure 20**).
- 4. Check pressure differential functionality:

The XDC system should be on. If it is Off:

- a. Turn On the XDV/XDO fans
- b. Turn the XDC On via user interface (I/O button).

If there is no "Loss of Flow" alarm present—This suggests that there is flow. Test the pressure differential by closing the ball valve on either the suction line or discharge line to stop the flow.

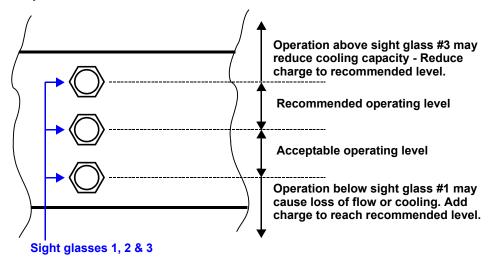
This should prompt an alarm for "loss of flow on P1." This alarm confirms that the switch has opened on low pressure (below 6 psi).

If there is a "Loss of Flow" alarm present—This suggests that there is no flow. Verify that this is correctly annunciated by looking at the sight glass in the receiver. If a true no-flow condition exists, the level will not move.

However, if there is flow, but the differential reading is faulty, the level will slowly drop, indicating flow, while the loss of flow alarm is annunciated.

Check the pressure differential physically by making sure that the electrical connections are properly connected. Then check the pressure differential electrically by making sure that the unit has 24VAC across it.

Figure 20 System R-134a liquid level

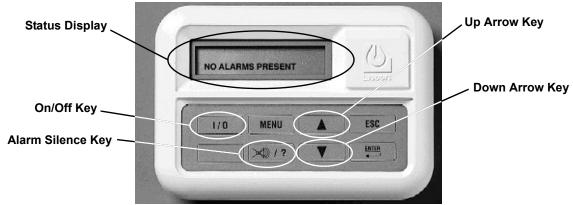


5.0 MICROPROCESSOR CONTROL

5.1 Feature Overview

The microprocessor control for the Liebert XDC unit features an easy-to-use menu-driven LCD. The menus, control features and circuit board details are described in this section.

Figure 21 User interface



Active alarms are displayed on the LCD screen and sound an audible beep. To silence an alarm, press the Alarm Silence/Help key as prompted on the display.

Setpoints, DIP switch settings and other selections were made during factory testing of the unit based on typical operating experience. (Other default selections were made according to options included with the unit.)

ADJUST THE FACTORY DEFAULTS ONLY IF THEY DO NOT MEET YOUR SPECIFICATIONS.

Allowable ranges are displayed by pressing the Help key. A password will be required (if enabled) to change setpoints, time delays, etc.

The display normally shown includes the present room temperature, humidity, active status functions and active alarms. More detailed status and alarm information is available from the menu.

5.1.1 Display

To turn the unit On, press the On/Off (I/O) key after power is applied to the XDC.

To turn the unit Off, press the On/Off (I/O) key before power is disconnected.

Table 10 User interface keypad functions

Keypad	Function
On/Off (I/O)	Turns the unit On or Off (top far left keypad)
Menu	Enables the user to access the program menu to change setpoints, alarms, etc. (top near left)
Up Arrow Key	Raises the value of displayed parameter while in a set mode (set points, time, etc).(arrow, top near right)
Escape (Esc)	Allows user to move back to a previous menu (top far right)
Alarm Silence	If an alarm is present, press this key to silence the alarm. Help text will appear if this key is pressed when no alarm is present (bottom left)
Down Arrow Key	Lowers the value of displayed parameter while in a set mode (set points, time, etc).(arrow, bottom near right).
Enter	After setting a control value, press ENTER to store the information in the microprocessor (bottom right).

5.2 Controls

The Microprocessor Control for the Liebert XDC features an easy-to-use, menu-driven liquid crystal display. The menus, control features and circuit board details are described in this section.

5.2.1 Feature Overview

The XDC maintains the coolant being pumped to XDO or XDV modules at a temperature above the room dew point, preventing coil condensation.

5.2.2 Status Display

The display normally shows the leaving refrigerant temperature on the first line and alternates between the dew point and the number of alarms present on the second line.

5.3 Main Menu

Press the MENU key to display the Main Menu. The menu selections are:

- SETPOINTS
- · STATUS
- ACTIVE ALARMS
- · ALARM HISTORY
- TIME
- · DATE
- · SETUP OPERATION
- · SETPT PASSWORD
- · SERVICE PASSWORD
- · CALIBRATE SENSOR
- ALARM ENABLE
- · ALARM TIME DELAY
- · COMMON ALARM ENABLE
- · CUSTOM ALARMS
- · CUSTOM TEXT
- DIAGNOSTICS
- END OF MENU

5.3.1 Viewing or Changing Settings

To access a menu option:

- 1. Use the up or down arrow key to scroll to the menu option.
- 2. Press the ENTER button to view the current setting.
- 3. To change the setting, use the up or down arrow key.
- 4. Press ENTER to save the change.

5.3.2 SETPOINTS

Selecting SETPOINTS from the Main Menu will reveal the following menu items:

Table 11 Setpoint functions, default values and allowable ranges

Menu Item	Function	Default	Range
MIN TEMP SP	Minimum room temperature setpoint	60°F	40 to 80°F
HI AIR TEMP	High room air temperature alarm	80°F	35 to 95°F
LO AIR TEMP	Low room air temperature alarm	55°F	35 to 95°F

To reach the SETPOINTS menu:

- 1. Press the MENU button.
- 2. Press ENTER when the SETPOINTS menu is displayed.
- 3. Use the up and down arrow keys to move through the menu and view the setpoints.

To change a setpoint, follow the steps above, then:

- 1. Press the ENTER key to change a setpoint. (The control will ask for a setpoint password if passwords are enabled. Use the up and down arrow keys and ENTER key to enter the three-digit password when prompted.)
- 2. Use the up and down arrow keys to change the setpoint.
- 3. Then, press ENTER to accept the new setpoint. When finished, press the ESC two to three times to return to the main display.



NOTE

Setpoints and system setup parameters are kept in non-volatile memory.

The user setpoints and ranges are:

MIN TEMP SP

This setpoint is used to keep the room temperature above the setpoint. The XDC can lower the room temperature too much depending on the room dew point and load. This setpoint will back off the cooling to keep the room temperature above this temperature, see **5.3.1** - **Viewing or Changing Settings**.



NOTE

This is not a true room temperature setpoint. The XDC will try to cool as much as possible. If it is able to cool the room to this setpoint, it will back off its cooling capability to try to keep the room temperature at or above this setpoint, but XDC has no heaters, so it cannot warm the room.

HI AIR TEMP

This is the temperature at which the HIGH REMOTE TEMP and HIGH LOCAL TEMP alarms will be activated, see **5.3.1** - **Viewing or Changing Settings**.

LO AIR TEMP

This is the temperature at which the LOW REMOTE TEMP and LOW LOCAL TEMP alarms will be activated, see **5.3.1** - **Viewing or Changing Settings**.

5.3.3 STATUS

The user can check the status of cooling percentage, pump and compressor operating status and temperature of the refrigerant.

VALVE OPEN %—0-100

COMP 1A, 2A, 1B, 2B—On/Off

PUMP 1—On/Off

PUMP 2—On/Off

REFRIG T—Refrigerant temperature 0-100°F

5.3.4 ACTIVE ALARMS

This submenu allows the user to review any present alarms. If no alarms are present, the screen will read **No Alarms Present**. If any alarms are occurring, the screen will display **Alarm XX of YY**, followed by the alarm text (**XX** is the reference number of the alarm shown, **YY** is the total number of alarms).

To view any active alarms:

- 1. Press the MENU key.
- 2. Scroll to the ACTIVE ALARMS menu by using the up and down arrow keys.
- 3. Press the ENTER key to access the menu.
- 4. Use the up and down arrow keys to move through the menu and view which alarms are active.

If there are no active alarms the display will read NO ALARMS. If any alarms are present, the display will list them. When finished, press the ESC two to three times to go to the main display.

5.3.5 ALARM HISTORY

This submenu allows the user to review the 60 most-recent alarms. The first line of the screen will show the alarm number—01 being the newest—and the name of the alarm. The second line of the screen will show the most recent alarm's date and the time in 24 hour format.

To view the alarm history:

- 1. Press the MENU key.
- 2. Scroll to the ALARM HISTORY menu by using the up and down arrow keys.
- 3. Press the ENTER key to access the menu.
- 4. Use the up and down arrow keys to scroll through the menu and view the alarm history.
- 5. Press the ESC two to three times to return to the main display.

5.3.6 TIME

The controller time clock must be set to allow for time stamping of the alarms for alarm history. To change the time press ENTER to select the function, then use the up or down arrow key arrow to change the first character, press Enter to store, then press the up or down arrow key to change the second character, press Enter to store, etc.



NOTE

The clock uses the 24 hour system (for example: 17:00 would be 5:00 PM). Battery backup protects the date and time settings.

5.3.7 DATE

The controller date must be set to allow for time stamping of the alarms for alarm history. To change the date press ENTER, then use the up or down arrow key to change the first character, press ENTER to store, press the up or down arrow key to change the second character, etc.

5.3.8 SETUP OPERATION



NOTE

None of these setpoints should be changed before consulting a Liebert representative. Changing any of these setpoints could drastically affect the system.

Selecting Setpoint/Setup from the Main Menu will display the following selections:

Table 12 Setup operation functions default values and allowable ranges.

Menu Item	Function	Default	Range
RESTART	Restart time delay	0.1 min	0 to 9.9 min (0 = manual restart)
C/F DEGREES	Celsius or Fahrenheit	F	C or F
PUMP START TD	Pump start time delay	10 sec	3 - 120 sec
PUMP WAIT TD	Pump wait time delay	10 sec	3 - 120 sec
PUMP OFF TD	Pump off time delay	5 sec	5 - 120 sec
LEAD PUMP	Lead Pump	Pump 1	Pump 1/Pump 2
DIPSWCH	DIP switch status	NA	NA

To view the SETUP OPERATION menu

- 1. Press the MENU key.
- 2. Use the up and down arrow keys to move to the SETUP OPERATIONS menu.
- 3. Press the ENTER key to enter into the menu.
- 4. Use the up and down arrow keys to move through the menu and view the setpoints.
- 5. Press the ENTER key to change a setpoint. (The control will ask for a service password if passwords are enabled. Use the up and down arrow keys and ENTER key to enter the three-digit password when prompted.)
- 6. Use the up and down arrow keys to change the setpoint.
- 7. Press ENTER to accept the new setpoint.
- 8. When finished, press the ESC key two to three times to return to the main display.



NOTE

Setpoints and system setup parameters are kept in non-volatile memory.

RESTART

This is the time delay after which the control will attempt to restart the XDC after a loss of power. It is programmable from 0.1-9.9 minutes in 6-second (0.1 minute) increments. The user can also select **NO**. If **NO** is selected, the system WILL NOT automatically restart. The default is 0.1 minutes.

C/F DEGREES

The user may select control and alarm parameters in either Celsius or Fahrenheit. The default is degrees Fahrenheit.

PUMP START TD

The user may set a Pump Start Time Delay to ensure that refrigerant begins flowing when the pump starts. If refrigerant does not begin flowing before the user-set delay expires, the pump will be turned off (see **PUMP OFF TD**).

PUMP WAIT TD

The user may set the pump wait time delay to prevent the pump from continuing to run when refrigerant is not flowing. If a pump is running normally and refrigerant flow is lost, the pump will stay on for the specified amount of time trying to re-establish refrigerant flow. If refrigerant flow resumes during the specified interval, the pump will continue operating. If the wait time expires and refrigerant flow has not resumed, the pump will shut down (see **PUMP OFF TD**).

PUMP OFF TD

The user can set the amount of time a pump will remain off when refrigerant flow is interrupted or stops. After the time delay has expired, the control will try to restart the pump (see **PUMP START TD**).

LEAD PUMP

This allows the user to select which pump is the active pump. It can be set to PUMP 1 or PUMP 2. The control will operate the respective pump unless a loss of flow condition occurs. On a LOSS OF FLOW condition, the control will switch to the standby pump after the LOSS OF FLOW alarm time delay has elapsed and the LOSS OF FLOW alarm has been annunciated. The default is PUMP 1.

LEAD TANDEM

Not currently used.

DIPSWCH

This allows the user to read the eight-position DIP switch located on the control board. The switches are numbered according to the numbers on the DIP switch. The numeral 1 indicates the switch is ON and a 0 indicates the switch is OFF. These switches are factory-set and should not require any user changes.

Table 13 XDC DIP switches and factory settings

DIP Switch	Factory Setting
1	Off
2	Off
3	Off
4	Off
5	Off
6	Off = Standard, On = Dual Source
7	Off
8	Off

VALVE TIME

Valve travel time is not currently used.

VLV ST OPEN

Valve start open % is not currently used.

VLV START TD

Valve start time delay is not currently used.

MIN VLV SET

Minimum valve setpoint is not currently used.

COMP SEQ ON

When the XDC is started, this is the time delay before the next compressor comes on when the control is sequencing on compressors.

COMP OFF TD

This is how long a compressor must be off before the control will turn it back on.

INNERSTAGE TD

This is how long the control must wait between compressor stage changes during normal operation.

WSK1 TD

Compressor winter start kit time delay for all compressors.

WSK2 TD

The winter start kit 2 time delay is not currently used.

100% START TD

This is how long the control will keep the unit at 100% cooling during startup after all compressors have staged on.

5.3.9 SETPT PASSWORD

To prevent unauthorized changes to the control setpoints and alarm settings, the XDC may be configured to require a three-digit password before permitting setpoint or alarm setting changes.

To enable this feature, set DIP switch #8 in the wall box to the Off position. If DIP switch #8 is On, no password is required. Factory default for the setpoint password is 123.

To change the password:

- 1. Press the MENU key to display the Main Menu.
- 2. Use the up or down arrow keys to scroll to the SETPT PASSWORD function.
- 3. Press ENTER to access the SETPT PASSWORD function. The LCD will display three zeros—000.
- 4. Enter the present, three-digit password
 - a. Use the up or down arrow key to enter the first number.
 - b. Press the ENTER button to select the second number in the password.
 - c. Use the up or down arrow key to enter the second number.
 - d. Enter the third number by repeating Steps b and c.
 - e. Press the ENTER button to accept the password. The LCD will display the message PASSWORD OK.
- 5. Press the ENTER button; the LCD displays the message ENTER NEW PSW and the current password. The first numeral will be selected.
- 6. Use the up or down arrow key to enter the first number of the new password. Press the Enter button to select the second numeral in the password.
- 7. Use the up or down arrow key to enter the second number of the new password. Press the Enter button to select the third numeral in the password.
- 8. Use the up or down arrow key to enter the third number of the new password. Press the Enter button to save the new password.

5.3.10 SETUP PASSWORD

To prevent unauthorized changes to the setup configurations, the XDC may be configured to require a three-digit password before permitting setup configuration changes.

To enable this feature, set DIP switch #8 in the wall box, to the Off position. If DIP switch #8 is On, no password is required. Factory default for the setup password is **321**.

To change the password:

- 1. Press the MENU key to display the Main Menu.
- 2. Use the up or down arrow keys to scroll to the SETUP PASSWORD function.
- 3. Press ENTER to access the SETUP PASSWORD function. The LCD will display three zeros—000. Enter the present, three-digit password
 - a. Use the up or down arrow key to enter the first number.
 - b. Press the ENTER button to select the second number in the password.
 - c. Use the up or down arrow key to enter the second number.
 - d. Enter the third number by repeating **Steps b** and **c**.
 - e. Press the ENTER button to accept the password. The LCD will display the message PASSWORD OK.
- 4. Press the ENTER button; the LCD displays the message ENTER NEW PSW and the current password. The first numeral will be selected.
- 5. Use the up or down arrow key to enter the first number of the new password. Press the Enter button to select the second numeral in the password.
- 6. Use the up or down arrow key to enter the second number of the new password. Press the Enter button to select the third numeral in the password.
- 7. Use the up or down arrow key to enter the third number of the new password. Press the Enter button to save the new password.

5.3.11 CALIBRATE SENSORS

The temperature and humidity sensor can be calibrated by selecting this menu item. The temperature sensor can be calibrated \pm 5°F and the humidity sensor can be calibrated \pm 10% RH. To prevent coil condensation that could damage the XDC, the sensors must be calibrated to a known source.

5.3.12 ALARM ENABLE

At the user's discretion, some alarms may be enabled or disabled. If an alarm is disabled, the alarm condition will not be monitored and will not trip, will not be in ACTIVE ALARMS, will not be in ALARM HISTORY and will not be annunciated.

These alarms may be enabled or disabled:

FLOW LOSS P1—loss of refrigerant flow with Pump 1 alarm

FLOW LOSS P2—loss of refrigerant flow with Pump 2 alarm

CUSTOMER—customer alarm

HI RMT TEMP—high remote temperature alarm

LO RMT TEMP—low remote temperature alarm

HI LCL TEMP—high local temperature alarm

LO LCL TEMP—low local temperature alarm

To determine whether an alarm is enabled or disabled:

- 1. Press the MENU key.
- 2. Use the up and down arrow keys to move to the ALARM ENABLE menu.
- 3. Press the ENTER key to access the menu. Use the up and down arrow keys to move through the menu and view which alarms are enabled or disabled. (YES means that the alarm is enabled, NO means that the alarm is disabled.)

To change an alarm from enabled to disabled, or vice versa

- 1. Determine whether the alarm is enabled or disabled (see above).
- 2. Use the up and down arrow keys to scroll to the alarm to be changed.
- 3. Press the ENTER key. (The control will ask for a service password if passwords are enabled. Use the up and down arrow keys and ENTER key to enter the three-digit password.)
- 4. Press the ENTER key again to change the alarm.
- 5. Press the ESC key two to three times to return to the main display.

5.3.13 ALARM TIME DELAY

Some alarms can be programmed with a time delay as a means of preventing nuisance alarms. This function specifies the amount of time an alarm must be present before the XDC recognizes and annunciates the alarm. If the alarm condition goes away before the time delay has expired, the alarm will not be recognized, and the time delay timer will be reset. This can be used as a filter to prevent nuisance alarms from transient events.

Time delays for these alarms may be changed:

CUSTOMER—customer alarm

HI RMT TEMP—high remote temperature alarm

LO RMT TEMP—low remote temperature alarm

HI LCL TEMP—high local temperature alarm

LO LCL TEMP—low local temperature alarm

LO REFRIG T—low refrigerant temperature alarm

To view the time delay for an alarm:

- 1. Press the MENU key.
- 2. Use the up and down arrow keys to move to the ALARM TIME DELAY menu. Press the ENTER key to enter into the menu. Use the up and down arrow keys to move through the menu and view the alarm time delays.

To change the time delay for an alarm:

- 1. Press the ENTER key. (The control will ask for a service password if passwords are enabled. Use the up and down arrow keys and ENTER key to enter the three-digit password when prompted.)
- 2. Press the ENTER key again on the alarm to select the alarm to be changed.
- 3. Use the up and down arrow keys to change the alarm time delay.
- 4. Press the ENTER key to record the change.
- 5. Press the ESC two to three times to return to the main display.

5.3.14 COM ALARM ENABLE

Each individual alarm can be selected to energize or not to energize the common alarm relay. If the energize common alarm function is set to YES, the relay is energized immediately as the alarm is annunciated and de-energized when the alarm condition goes away (only after the alarm has been recognized). If the alarm is completely DISABLED, the alarm has no effect on the common alarm relay.

Use the up or down arrow key to scroll to a particular alarm, press the ENTER button to select it, then press the ENTER button to change the state (Yes or No).

5.3.15 CUSTOM ALARMS

This is the menu where the user selects the alarm message that will be displayed when there is an input to the customer alarm input on the control board. This menu has four choices: one user-defined custom message (see **CUSTOM TEXT** below for details) and three preprogrammed messages:

- SMOKE DETECTED
- CUSTOM 1 (default custom message. If the user enters a custom text message, that custom text will replace CUSTOM 1.)
- · STANDBY UNIT ON
- 1. Press the ENTER button to access the menu
- 2. Use the up or down arrow key to view the messages.
- 3. Press the ENTER button to select the message to be displayed.

5.3.16 CUSTOM TEXT

This menu permits the user to set up a custom text message with a maximum length of 16 characters. The message may use any of the following characters or a blank space:

ABCDEFGHIJKLMNOPQURSTUVWXYZ#%*-0123456789.

This custom text can be designated as the custom alarm text in the CUSTOM ALARMS menu (see **CUSTOM ALARMS** above). To define the message:

- 1. Press the ENTER button to access the menu.
- 2. Use the up or down arrow key to change the character with the pointer below it.
- 3. Press the ENTER button to go to the next character.
- 4. Repeat the steps for all characters in the message (maximum of 16 characters).
- 5. Press the ENTER button to accept new custom text.

5.3.17 DIAGNOSTICS

This allows the user to perform checks on inputs, outputs, and conduct a test of the XDC control board from the wall box.

Entering the TEST OUTPUTS will interrupt system operation. Selecting TEST INPUTS or TEST MICRO will not interrupt system operation. Pressing ENTER and selecting TEST OUTPUTS will permit the user to toggle the following outputs on and off:

PUMP 1—On/Off
PUMP 2—On/Off
COMP 1A, 2A, 1B, 2B—On/Off
GREEN LAMP—On/Off
RED LAMP—On/Off
COMMON ALARM—On/Off
LLSV1, LLSV2—On/Off
HGSV1, HGSV2—On/Off
HGV1, HGV2—On/Off
DEHYDRATION1, DEHYDRATION2—On/Off

Pressing ENTER and selecting TEST INPUTS will permit the user to read the following inputs:

INPUT POWER—On/Off CONDENSATION—On/Off (condensation detection) DIFF PRESSURE—On/Off (differential pressure switch) CUSTOMER ALARM—On/Off

Pressing ENTER and selecting TEST MICRO will permit the user to test the microcontroller and associated circuitry on the XDC control board.

6.0 ALARM DESCRIPTIONS AND SOLUTIONS

6.1 Alarm Descriptions



NOTE

Alarms must be acknowledged before they can be reset. To acknowledge or silence an alarm, press the ALARM SILENCE / ? key.

- LOSS OF FLOW P1 Activated when pump 1 is commanded to run and the differential pressure switch does not sense differential pressure (set at 6 psi). After attempting to start pump 1 for a period of 120 seconds (including time delays), the XD Chiller will automatically switch to the other pump to establish flow.
- LOSS OF FLOW P2 Activated when pump 2 is commanded to run and the differential pressure switch does not sense differential pressure (set at 6 psi). After attempting to start pump 2 for a period of 120 seconds (including time delays), the XD Chiller will automatically switch to the other pump to establish flow.
- PUMP SHORT CYCLE Activated when the XD Chiller is trying to establish flow (differential pressure) and it is unable to do it. The XD Chiller will attempt to establish flow (differential pressure) for 4 minutes on each pump, for a total of 8 minutes. If this cycling occurs within 30 minutes (can be adjusted from 10 to 60 minutes) and the XD Chiller still does not establish flow, a SHORT CYCLE alarm will be present. This alarm will shut down the XD Chiller, main power (disconnect switch) must be turned OFF then back ON to clear this alarm.
- **CUSTOMER ALARM** Activated when 24VAC signal is applied to the customer alarm input on the control board. Alarm will reset when the 24VAC signal is taken away.
- CONDENSATION Activated when water is detected at the XDO or XDV (24VAC is applied to the condensation input on the control). When this alarm is active, the control will raise its refrigerant control point by 4 degrees Fahrenheit. Alarm will reset when the 24VAC signal is taken away or main power removed.
- FAN FAILURE ALARM Not currently being used.
- HIGH REMOTE TEMP & HIGH LOCAL TEMP Activated when the remote or local temperature exceeds the user specified setpoint. See **5.3.2 SETPOINTS**. Alarm will reset itself when the room temperature drops below the setpoint.
- LOW REMOTE TEMP & LOW LOCAL TEMP Activated when the remote or local temperature is below the user specified setpoint. See **5.3.2 SETPOINTS**. Alarm will reset itself when the room temperature raises above the setpoint.
- **REMOTE SENS PROB** Activated when no signal is present from the remote temperature or humidity sensors. Alarm will reset when the temperature and humidity signals are re-established.
- LOCAL SENS PROB Activated when no signal is present from the local temperature or humidity sensors or communications is lost from the display. Alarm will reset when the temperature and humidity signals are re-established.
- HIGH DEWPOINT Activated when the room dew point exceeds the user specified setpoint. See 5.3.2 SETPOINTS. Alarm will reset itself when the room temperature drops below the setpoint.
- HIGH HEAD PRESSURE C1A Activated when a high head pressure signal is sensed from compressor 1A by the control.
- HIGH HEAD PRESSURE C1B Activated when a high head pressure signal is sensed from compressor 1B by the control.
- HIGH HEAD PRESSURE C2A Activated when a high head pressure signal is sensed from compressor 2A by the control.
- HIGH HEAD PRESSURE C2B Activated when a high head pressure signal is sensed from compressor 2B by the control.
- LOW PRESSURE CKT 1 Activated when the low-pressure switch for compressor circuit #1 doesn't send the proper signal during normal operation, or during pump-down.
- LOW PRESSURE CKT 2 Activated when the low-pressure switch for compressor circuit #2 doesn't send the proper signal during normal operation, or during pump-down.

- SHORT CYCLE C1A Activated when compressor 1A turns On, Off, then back On, 5 times within 10 minutes, or 10 times within 1 hour.
- SHORT CYCLE C1B Activated when compressor 1B turns On, Off, then back On, 5 times within 10 minutes, or 10 times within 1 hour.
- SHORT CYCLE C2A Activated when compressor 2A turns On, Off, then back On, 5 times within 10 minutes, or 10 times within 1 hour.
- SHORT CYCLE C2B Activated when compressor 2B turns On, Off, then back On, 5 times within 10 minutes, or 10 times within 1 hour.
- HIGH REFRIGERANT TEMP 1 Activated when the refrigerant temperature sensed from refrigerant temperature sensor 1, exceeds the user specified setpoint. See 5.3.2 SETPOINTS. Alarm will reset itself when the refrigerant temperature drops below the setpoint.
- LOW REFRIGERANT TEMP 1 Activated when the refrigerant temperature sensed from refrigerant temperature sensor 1, drops 1.5 degrees Fahrenheit below the refrigerant temperature control point. Alarm will reset itself if the refrigerant temperature raises back up before the control shuts down because of low refrigerant temperature.
- FAILED REFRIGERANT SENSOR 1 Activated when the control stops receiving a signal from the refrigerant temperature sensor 1. If this alarm becomes active, the control will slowly back down cooling over a 9-minute period. This alarm will shut down the XD Chiller, main power (disconnect switch) must be turned OFF then back ON to clear this alarm.
- HIGH CHILLED WATER TEMP not currently used.
- LOW CHILLED WATER TEMP not currently used.
- FAILED CHILLED WATER SENSOR not currently used.
- VALVE FAILURE not currently used.
- LOSS OF POWER Activated when the unit is ON and operational, and 24VAC power to the control is lost to the control. This alarm will be emitted when power is restored to the control (unit). Unit will restart at a user defined time delay after power is restored. See 5.3.8 SETUP OPERATION. Alarm will reset itself after 30 seconds of run time.



NOTE

Alarms MUST BE ACKNOWLEDGED before they can be RESET. To acknowledge / silence alarms press the Alarm Silence / ? key.

6.2 Red and Green Lamp Indicators

Liebert's XD Chiller has two lamps that indicate the unit's operating condition, one green, one red.

The green lamp lights only when the XD Chiller is ON and running with no alarms.

The red lamp lights in two instances:

- 1. If the unit is on and running with an active alarm OR
- 2. If the unit is shut down because of an alarm.

The red lamp will flash when an alarm is being annunciated. The red lamp will stop flashing and the beeper in the display will stop beeping when the ALARM SILENCE /? key is pressed.

6.3 Enable / Disable Alarms

Any alarm may be enabled or disabled. If an alarm is disabled, the alarm condition will not be monitored and will not trip, will not be in ACTIVE ALARMS, will not be in ALARM HISTORY and will not be annunciated. To enable or disable an alarm, or to check whether an alarm is enabled or disabled:

- 1. Press the MENU key.
- 2. Use the up or down arrow key to move to the ALARM ENABLE menu.
- 3. Press the ENTER key to access the menu.
- 4. Use the up or down arrow key to move through the menu and view which alarms are enabled or disabled. YES means that the alarm is enabled, NO means that the alarm is disabled.

To change it:

- 1. Press the ENTER key. The control will ask you for a service password whether passwords are enabled.
- 2. Use the up and down arrow keys and ENTER key to key in the three-digit password.
- 3. Press the ENTER key again on the alarm to change it.
- 4. When finished, press the ESC two to three times to get back to the main display.

6.4 Alarm Time Delays

All of the alarms can have their delay times changed. An alarm time delay is the period that the control has to see a specific condition exist before it will alarm that condition. This can be used as a filter to prevent nuisance alarms.

To change an alarm time delay, or to view a current alarm time delay:

- 1. Press the MENU key.
- 2. Use the up or down arrow key to move to the ALARM TIME DELAY menu.
- 3. Press the ENTER key to access the menu. Use the up or down arrow key to move through the menu and view the alarm time delays.

To change an alarm time delay:

- 1. Press the ENTER key. The control will ask for a service password if passwords are enabled.
- 2. Use the up and down arrow keys and ENTER key to key in the three-digit password.
- 3. Press the ENTER key again on the alarm to change it.
- 4. Use the up and down arrow keys to change the alarm time delay.
- 5. Press the ENTER key to accept the change.
- 6. When finished, press the ESC two to three times to get back to the main display.

6.5 View Active Alarms

To view the active alarms:

- 1. Press the MENU key.
- 2. Use the up or down arrow key to move to the ACTIVE ALARMS menu.
- 3. Press the ENTER key to enter into the menu.
- 4. Use the up or down arrow key to move through the menu and view which alarms are active. If there are no active alarms the display will read NO ALARMS. If there are alarms present, the display will list them accordingly.
- 5. When finished, press the ESC two to three times to get back to the main display.

6.6 View Alarm History

To view the alarm history:

- 1. Press the MENU key.
- 2. Use the up or down arrow key to move to the ALARM HISTORY menu.
- 3. Press the ENTER key to enter into the menu.
- 4. Use the up or down arrow key to move through the menu and view the alarm history. This menu will show the most recent alarm first. This menu also will display the alarm name, alarm number and the time and date of occurrence for the last 60 alarms.
- 5. When finished, press the ESC two to three times to get back to the main display.

6.7 System Shutdown Causes

- Unit Is Off By Refrig Sens Fail: The control has lost its signal from the refrigerant temperature sensor. The control has no way of controlling the refrigerant temperature, so the unit is shut off. Main power (disconnect switch) must be turned OFF then back ON to clear this alarm.
- Unit Is Off By Pump Short Cycle: The control was unable to get a pump started at startup or after a loss of differential pressure. The control looks at the SHORT CYCLE time delay. If it cannot establish differential pressure within that amount of time the unit is shut off. The user may set this time by changing the SHORT CYCLE alarm time delay. Main power (disconnect switch) must be turned OFF then back ON to clear this alarm.
- Unit Is Off By Low Refrig Temp: The control was unable to raise the refrigerant temperature to the calculated refrigerant temperature control point. The unit is shut off, because if the control cannot raise the refrigerant temperature to the calculated refrigerant temperature control point, there will be a possibility of water condensing on the refrigerant piping and receiving coils. Main power (disconnect switch) must be turned OFF then back ON to clear this alarm.

7.0 **TROUBLESHOOTING**

Possible Cause	Check or Remedy	
No main power	Check L1, L2, and L3 for rated voltage.	
Loose electrical connections	Tighten connections.	
Overloads tripped	Allow pump to cool. Check amp draw.	
Tripped circuit breaker	Check circuit breaker to pump(s).	
Incorrect phase wiring	See Table 5.	
Isolation valve(s) on pump suction and/or discharge is closed.	Open all isolation valves completely during normal operation.	
XDO/XDV are Off.	Check XDO/XDV to make sure that they are ON prior to starting the XDC	
Low Refrigerant Temperature (high dew point)	Check alarm(s) history on XDC. The XDC was operating below the dew point for a significant amount of time. Check humidity in conditioned space; lower humidity if necessary to allow XDC to operate at a lower temperature. (Disconnect must be switched to Off then back to On to allow XDC to reset.)	
Incorrect location of temperature- humidity senors	Place the sensor on the return air side of the primary air mover (I.e., Liebert Deluxe System 3). Do not install the sensor near unsealed doors, windows and similar areas.	
Pressure switch not making contact	Check both differential pressure settings. If not within 6 psi (±1 psi) then manually change accordingly.	
Not enough charge	See 3.0 - Filling the XDC's Circuits With Coolant.	
Cavitation due to vapor in pump	Check for adequate charge in system, refer to the user manual. 3.0 - Filling the XDC's Circuits With Coolant	
Pump is rotating in reverse	See Table 5	
Worn motor bearings	Replace pump	
Low Refrigerant Temperature (high dew point)	Check humidity of room along with location of remote sensors. Make sure that the sensors are not located in a cold area where there is a lack of sufficient air flow.	
Loss of power	When power is restored, the XDC will automatically restart.	
Clogged filter/dryer and/or impeller	Clean out debris.	
Leak in system - loss of charge	Check the entire system for leaks with a refrigerant sniffer. Repair as necessary.	
Lack of load in the room	If there is no cooling required, turn the XDC off at the I/O button.	
Minimum room temperature setpoint is too low.	Check the setpoint by following instructions in 5.3.2 - SETPOINTS .	
Incorrect location of temperature-humidity senors.	Place the sensor on the return air side of the primary air mover (i.e., Liebert Deluxe System 3). Do not install the sensor near unsealed doors, windows, and similar areas.	
	No main power Loose electrical connections Overloads tripped Tripped circuit breaker Incorrect phase wiring Isolation valve(s) on pump suction and/or discharge is closed. XDO/XDV are Off. Low Refrigerant Temperature (high dew point) Incorrect location of temperature-humidity senors Pressure switch not making contact Not enough charge Cavitation due to vapor in pump Pump is rotating in reverse Worn motor bearings Low Refrigerant Temperature (high dew point) Loss of power Clogged filter/dryer and/or impeller Leak in system - loss of charge Lack of load in the room Minimum room temperature setpoint is too low. Incorrect location of temperature-	

Symptom	Possible Cause	Check or Remedy	
Room becomes too warm	XDC is off.	Check status of the XDC at the user interface. Turn system On at I/O button if system is Off.	
	High dew point	Check temperature and relative humidity (RH) of room. Lower RH setpoint if necessary to lower dew point. At normal room temperature of 68°F (20°C), the RH should be set to 50% or lower.	
	XDO/XDV are Off.	Check XDO/XDV to make sure that they are On prior to starting the XDC.	
	Minimum room temperature setpoint is too high.	Check the setpoint by following instructions in 5.3.2 - SETPOINTS .	
	Incorrect location of temperature- humidity senors	Place the sensor on the return air side of the primary air mover (I.e., Liebert Deluxe System 3). Do not install the sensor near unsealed doors, windows, and similar areas.	
Pipe rattle	Loose pipe connections	Check pipe connections.	
	No 24VAC power to motor	Check for 24VAC between P2-1 and P2-4.	
	No signal from control	Check 24VAC at P22-1 (close) or P22-3 (close).	
Actuator motors (if applicable)	Motor not operating	Unplug P22 completely off of the board. Jumper P22-5 to P2-4 for grounding, then jumper P22-1 to P2-1 to drive close. Remove jumper to close, and then jumper P22-3 to P2-1 to drive open. If motor fails to work, replace it.	
Motor burnout	Check control panel for welded contactor contacts or welded overload contacts	Replace defective components.	
Main 24VAC fuse trips	Shorts or loose connections	Check the wiring connections of the 24VAC circuit.	
iviaiii 24 v AC Tuse trips	Faulty circuit board	Replace the circuit board.	

8.0 MAINTENANCE

The Liebert XD system components require little maintenance when proper fluid levels are maintained and proper startup and operation procedures are followed. The following tasks should be performed at the intervals stated:

- 1. Check sight glass level of receiver on all circuits every 4-6 weeks. During normal operation, the level should be at or above the first sight glass.
- 2. Check system for leaks every 4-6 weeks

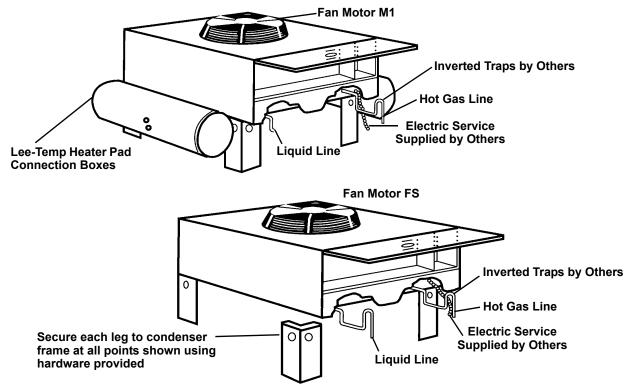
8.1 Air Cooled Condenser

Restricted airflow through the condenser coil will reduce the operating efficiency of the unit and can result in high compressor head pressure and loss of cooling.

Clean the condenser coil of all debris that will inhibit air flow. This can be done with compressed air or commercial coil cleaner. Check for bent or damaged coil fins and repair as necessary. In winter, do not permit snow to accumulate around the sides or underneath the condenser.

Check all refrigerant lines and capillaries for vibration isolation. Support as necessary. Visually inspect all refrigerant lines for signs of oil leaks.

Figure 22 Outdoor fan/condenser configuration



9.0 SPECIFICATIONS

Table 14 Liebert XDC specifications

Parameter	60Hz Models	50Hz Models		
Cooling Capacity, Nominal	46 tons / 160kW with 125°F (51.6°C) condensing temperature and 50°F (10°C) evaporating temperature	37 tons / 130kW with 125°F (51.6°C) condensing temperature and 50°F (10°C) evaporating temperature		
Electrical Requirements				
Input	460V model: 3 phase, 60Hz	380/420V models: 3phase, 50Hz		
Full Load Amps	79A			
Minimum supply wire sizing ampacity	84A			
Maximum fuse or circuit breaker size	100A			
Dimensions, inches (mm)				
Height – Unit only	78 (1981)			
Height – As shipped	83 (2108)			
Width	74 (1879)			
Depth	34 (863)			
Weight, lb (kg)				
Unit only	2000 (907)			
Shipping weight	2050 (930)			
Installed, with R-134a	2200 (998)			
Pipe Connections				
XD Coolant supply to XDO or XDV	1-1/8" OD, Cu			
XD Coolant return from XDO or XDV	2-1/8" OD, Cu			
Liquid Line (DX circuit)	7/8" OD, Cu			
Hot Gas Line (DX circuit)	1-3/8" OD, Cu			
Number of XDOs Connected	Maximum, 10; Minimum, 4			
Number of XDVs Connected	Maximum, 20; Minimum, 8			
Cabinet Exterior Finish	Black, matte finish, heat-fused powder coat			

NOTES



The Company Behind the Products

With over a million installations around the globe, Liebert is the world leader in computer protection systems. Since its founding in 1965, Liebert has developed a complete range of support and protection systems for sensitive electronics:

- Environmental systems—close-control air conditioning from 1 to 60 tons
- Power conditioning and UPS with power ranges from 300 VA to more than 1000 kVA
- Integrated systems that provide both environmental and power protection in a single, flexible package
- Monitoring and control—from systems of any size or location, on-site or remote
- Service and support through more than 100 service centers around the world and a 24/7 Customer Response Center

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